King Abdulaziz University Department of European Languages & Literature October 2013 Introduction to Linguistics/ LANE 321 Revision Exercises Lecturer: Haifa Alroqi

Exercise 1:

Write down the phonetic symbols representing the following descriptions, and illustrate each of the sounds with two English words.

a) A voiceu iabioueritai mcative b) A voiceless aiveolai mcative	a) A voiced labiodental fricative	b) A voiceless al	veolar fricative
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c) A voiced palatal affricate _____ d) A voiceless glottal fricative _____

e) A voiceless bilabial stop _____ f) A voiceless dental fricative

Exercise 2:

Answer the following questions.

a) What voiced consonant has the same place of articulation as [t] and the same manner of articulation as [f]? _____

b) What voiced consonant has the same place of articulation as [b] and the same manner of articulation as [n]? _____

c)	What	voiceless	consonant	has	the	same	place	of	articulation	as	[d]	and	the	same	manner	of
ar	iculatio	on as [b]? _			_											

Exercise 3:

Do the following pairs of consonants have the same or different place of articulation?

[s] : [l]	[b] : [f]	[m] : [n]	[k] : [ŋ]	[v] : [ð]	[p] : [g]	[s] : [v]
L~J • L-J	[~] • [-]	[] • []	[] • [-]]	[,].[.]	161.191	[~] • [·]

Exercise 4:

Write the phonetic symbol for the initial sound in each of the following words

a.	giant	 e.	carol	
b.	psycho	 f.	thinker	
c.	central	 g.	philosophy	
d.	knife	 h.	justice	

Exercise 5:

Write the phonetic symbol for the last sound in each word

a. wires	b. following	c. baked	d. language
e. catch	f. Mac	g. moth	h. mash
i. mix	j. pass	k. filth	

Exercise 6:

In this exercise, you are presented with sets of words. In each set, circle each word that has a consonant with the place of articulation for that set.

Bilabial	apple	lamb	knot	yell	bank
Velar	knot	break	cast	cent	ghost
Alveolar	tack	scare	quick	dark	knot
Dental	thick	bathe	hitch	rough	mirth
Palatal	craze	push	measure	shape	action
Labiodental	phase	thought	vase	rough	life

Exercise 7:

In this exercise, you are presented with sets of words. In each set, circle each word that has a consonant with the manner of articulation for that set.

Stop	mass	pass	through	flip	lax
Fricative	laugh	zip	rent	pepper	rift
Nasal	soup	mint	king	quack	plot
Affricate	rich	rush	action	judge	gym

Exercise 8:

Write down the phonetic symbols representing the following descriptions, and illustrate each of the sounds with two English words.

a) A high front unrounded vowel	b) A high back rounded vowel
c) A mid front unrounded vowel	d) A low central unrounded vowel
e) A mid back rounded vowel	f) A mid central unrounded vowel

Exercise 9:

Write the following words in phonetic transcription, according to your pronunciation.

a. eats	 b. shoes	 c. mast	
d. cut	 e. finger	 f. look	

g. bush	 h. health	 i. said	
j. helped	 k. sign	 I. night	
m. joyful	 n. mine	 o. clown	
p. around	 q. issue	 r. itchy	
s. dry	 t. clue	 u. stayed	
v. measure	 w. finger	 x. maid	
y. breathe	 z. breath		

Exercise 10:

Fill in the blanks with suitable examples from the box:

1. [ð]	Shame
2. [3]	That
3. [j]	Chair
4. [ŋ]	Liking
5. [dʒ]	Thank
6. [ʃ]	Pleasure
7. [tʃ] 8. [θ]	Jogger
·· [•]	Yasmin

Exercise 11:

Describe each of the following phonetic symbols in words.

1. [i] _____

2. [θ]

Exercise 12:

In the space provided, write the PHONETIC SYMBOL for the <u>underlined boldface</u> letters in each word.

1.	w <u>e</u> ll	2. kn <u>ow</u>	 3. mou <u>th</u>	
4.	si <u>ng</u>	5. <u>p</u> ile	 6. br <u>a</u> nd	
7.	fl <u>ee</u> t	8. rou <u>gh</u>		

Exercise 13:

Fill in the blanks with the correct word/phrase.

The underlined sounds in *sp<u>oil</u>, br<u>own</u>, and <i>hide* are examples of three _____ in English.

Exercise 14:

Decide whether each of the following words has an <u>open</u> syllable or a <u>closed</u> one:

 1. Cat
 3. He

 2. Blue
 4. Flip

Exercise 15:

Identify the place of articulation of the following underlined sounds.

1.	<u>C</u> loves	
2.	<u>G</u> uy	
3.	<u>S</u> top	
4.	<u>H</u> eld	

Exercise 16:

Use a check mark (\checkmark) to indicate whether the following sets of words are minimal pairs, minimal sets, or neither.

Examples	minimal pair	minimal set	neither
a. roof, rough			
b hip, trip, hit, sip, dip, nip			
c. knife, wife, life, rife			
d. zoo, two			

Exercise 17:

Identify the co-articulation effect in each of the following words/utterances.

1. that boy $[\partial at boj] \rightarrow [\partial ap boj]$

- 2. *ten plains* [ten plenz] \rightarrow [tem plenz]
- 3. Would you? [wod ju] \rightarrow [wod z ju]
- 4. next day $[n\epsilon kst de] \rightarrow [n\epsilon ks de]$
- 5. acts $[akts] \rightarrow [aks]$

- A. Transcribe the word 'plan'.
- B. Use your phonetic transcription to graphically illustrate the basic structure of a syllable in a tree diagram

Plan

Question 19:

Identify the word-formation process involved in each of the following words.

1. bicycle	\rightarrow	bike	
2. Brad, Angelina	\rightarrow	Brangelina	
3. bitter, sweet	\rightarrow	bittersweet	
4. Google	\rightarrow	to google	
5. Read-only memory	\rightarrow	ROM	
6. Rudolf Diesel (German enginee	er) →	diesel	
7. friend	\rightarrow	friendship	
8. cellular phone	\rightarrow	cell	
9. enthusiasm	\rightarrow	enthuse	
10. mouse (English)	\rightarrow	(Arabic) (فأرة الكمبيوتر) - فأرة	